POVERTY REDUCTION STRATEGY PAPER: ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT 2005-06

1 Introduction

1.1	Rising trends	in poverty	during the	1990s	led to	the	launch	of I	Interim	Poverty

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The direction of change in poverty at the regional level between 1998/99 and

2.4

3.3 Services

3.7 Services sector has been growing rapidly ov

4.2 Sector-wise Analysis of PRSP Expenditure

4.2.1 Education

4.10 Pakistan has committed to all international declarations to extend the agenda of providing the basic right of education to all of its citizens. The National Plan of Action for Education for All (EFA) was initiated in response to the commitment made at Dakar World Education Forum 2000. The Education Sector Reforms (ESR) which is built upon the National Education Policy 1998-2010 is a long term plan, with three yearly action

5 Direct Transfers

During the same period number of female beneficiaries declined by 10.7% to 44 thousand and male beneficiaries increased by 31.6% to 229 thousand (table 13). Micro-

FY05. In Balochistan percentage of trained teachers declined slightly in FY05 compared to FY04, most probably due to recruitment of untrained teachers.

	Table 14: Number	of Functional Pu	ublic Schools	_
Region/Province	Year	Primary	Middle	Total

toilet. In Quetta, 76% of households have access to flush toilet, whereas this proportion stood at 41% in Sibbi. In rest of Balochistan only 2-29% of households have access to flush toilet. In Karachi 91% of households have flush toilet. In Shikarpur, Sukkur and

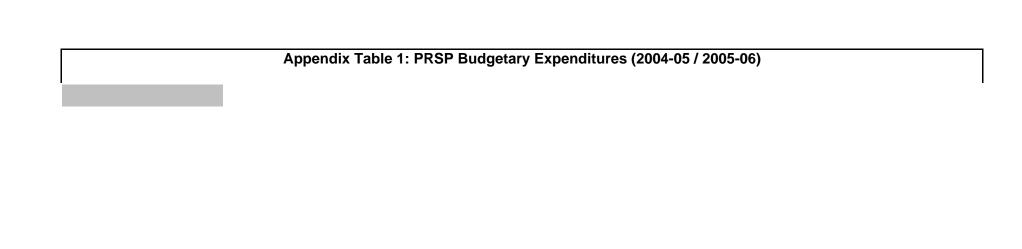
Table 21: Citizen Ownership - Registered CCBs

Province Mar-03 Dec-03 Mar-04 Dec-04

11 Monitoring and Evaluation System of PRSP: Successes and Challenges

11.1 It is worth reviewing the monitoring and evaluation experience of PRSP. Poverty monitoring framework of the PRSP focuses on regular tracking of input, intermediate and outcome indicators. At the beginning of PRSP process, the government in collaboration with its development partners finalized the intermediate and outcome indicators in education, health and population planning sectors. Intermediate and outcome indicators

12 Summary and Conclusions



Appendix Table 2: Pro	portion of Public Schools	with Basic Facilities

Region/					
Province	Level	Water (%) Latrine	(%) El	ectricity (%) B-Wa	all (%)
	2003-2004 Primary	53	42	26	45
	Middle	71	64	59	61

Pakistan

Appendix Table 3: Actual Posts Filled Against Sanctioned Posts and Percentage of Trained Teachers (%)

Region/ Province